

WORLD WAR I AND THE RUSSIAN REVOLUTION**Section 3 Quiz****A. Terms, People, and Places**

Match the descriptions in Column I with the terms in Column II. Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank provided. Not all items in Column II will be used. Each can be used only once.

Column I

- _____ 1. requiring people to serve in the military or other service
- _____ 2. a horrible act against innocent people
- _____ 3. an agreement to end fighting
- _____ 4. focusing all of a nation's resources on war
- _____ 5. spreading ideas in support of a cause

Column II

- a. total war
- b. conscription
- c. *Lusitania*
- d. propaganda
- e. atrocity
- f. armistice

B. Main Ideas

Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank provided.

- _____ 6. How did Germany respond to the British naval blockade?
- a. It warned the British to break off relations with Mexico.
- b. It used U-boats to sink ships carrying supplies to Britain.
- c. It prevented all radio reports from reaching France and Britain.
- d. It launched a propaganda war.
- _____ 7. How did women help in the war effort?
- a. They worked in war industries.
- b. They fought on the front lines alongside men.
- c. They organized wartime blockades.
- d. They voted to support their leaders.
- _____ 8. What was the immediate result of Russia's withdrawal from the war?
- a. Russia instituted a democratic government.
- b. Germany concentrated its forces on the Western Front.
- c. The Allies overthrew the tsar.
- d. Bread riots erupted into a revolution in Russia.
- _____ 9. What event boosted Allied morale in 1917?
- a. The Zimmermann telegram revealed German weakness.
- b. V. I. Lenin of Russia signed the Treaty of Brest-Litovsk.
- c. The Fourteen Points passed in the Senate.
- d. The United States joined the war.
- _____ 10. What were the Fourteen Points?
- a. Roosevelt's plans for ending war
- b. an agreement between the Allies and Central Powers
- c. Wilson's terms for ending the war and future wars
- d. Lenin's program for a democratic Russia